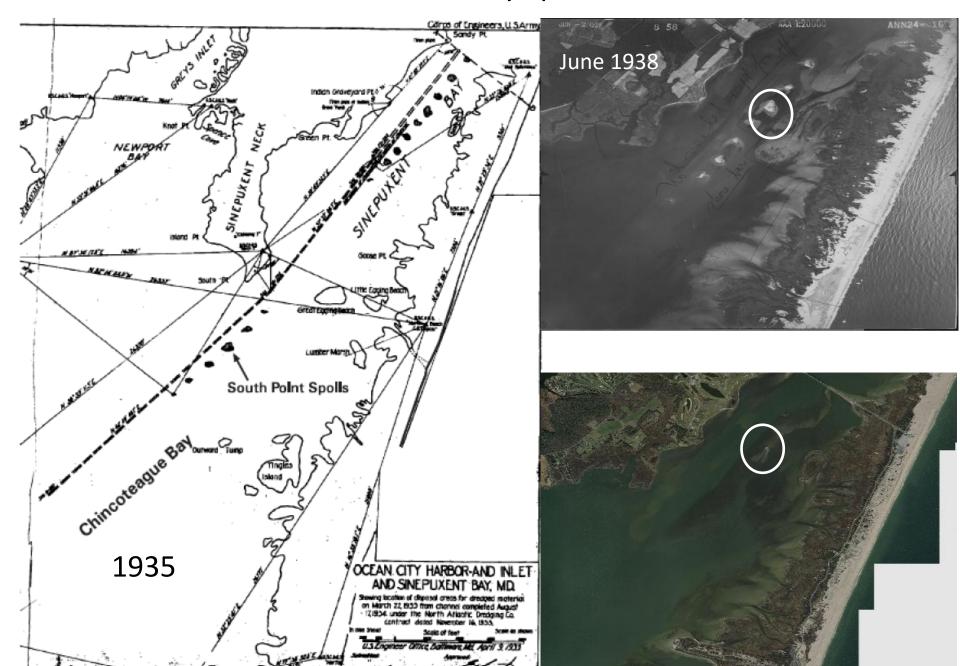


Timeline:

- 1933 Storm created inlet minimized island formation in the CB
- 1935 > 14 dredge spoil islands created
- 1962 Ash Wednesday storm
- 1987 placement of scour protection at Rt 50 bridge Skimmer island formed shortly thereafter
- 1995 MD Coastal Bays Admitted into NEP
- 1998 COE OC Water Resources Report
- 2000 CCMP Released
- 2004 State of the Bays Report
- 2005 Navigation and Dredging Planning Guide (Navigation and Dredging Advisory Group NADAG) for Maryland's Coastal Bays (met initially Dec 1999)
- 2010 Sediment management meeting, stressed loss of bird habitat
- **2011** 2014 Skimmer Island nourishment ,Sunset Marina funded
- 2012 Planning Workshop Engineering with Nature: Sediment Management in the Coastal Bays
- 2012 Hurricane Sandy
- 2014/2015 4 new islands from beneficial use (dredge spoil islands.)
- 2022 skimmer, and 4 dredge spoil islands have eroded

Necessary Spoil Islands



Ocean City, Maryland, and Vicinity Water Resources Study

Final Integrated Feasibility Report and Environmental Impact Statement





Table 5-1: Restoration needs and relative significance and scarcity of habitats proposed for restoration efforts.

Objective	Restoration Need	Habitat Scarcity	Habitat Significance
Create bare-substrate islands for beach-nesting colonial waterbirds	10's to 100's of acres	Rare	Very Great
Maintain island habitat for vegetation-nesting colonial waterbirds	<10 acres	Uncommon	High
Restore/create salt marsh	100's to 1000's of acres	Common	High
Restore/create forested wetlands	100's to 1000's of acres	Common	High



1998 COE OC Water Resources Report

Identified five Environmental Restoration Projects that were important to reverse degradation from agriculture, development, and erosion in the coastal bays.

- 1. Restore a total of 5 ha (12 ac) of salt marsh at the Isle of Wight Wildlife Management Area and
- 2. Restore a total of 3.4 ha (8.5 ac) of salt marsh at Ocean Pines,
- 3. Stabilize the eroding South Point Island to its 1997 size of approximately 0.93 ha (2.3 ac),
- 4. Construct a new 1.2 ha (3 ac) island in proximity to South Point to create vegetated habitat for colonial waterbirds, and
- 5. Create a 1.2 ha (3 ac) island near Dog Island that will be bare substrate with a shell surface for colonial waterbird nesting. The island created near Dog Island will also include three additional cells that will be available to local citizens, businesses, and government for the placement of material dredged locally. Thus, an additional 1.2 ha (3 ac) area of salt marsh will be added in the near future, and up to 8 ha (19 ac) area could eventually be created, increasing the size of this island to as much as 10 ha (25 ac).
- Items 1 and 2 and part of 5 were completed..

Navigation and Dredging Advisory Group Planning Guide Update

- NADAG Master Plan
- Recommendation
- A.i.i. Support for and promotion of the beneficial use of dredged materials, including habitat restoration and creation. Beneficial Use Includes:
- restoration of underwater grasses;
- restoration of islands;
- stabilization of eroding shorelines;
- creation or restoration of wetlands; and
- creation, restoration, or enhancement of fish or shellfish habitats.
- WC, OC, OP will develop and maintain a list of nonfederal channels in need of dredging
- A Navigation and Dredging Advisory Committee was formed but has not met since about 2003, should this committee be reformed?

Advisory Group

- US Army Corps of Engineers
- Ocean City Engineer
- User Group Representatives
- Private Local Dredging Firms
- Community Representatives
- Harbor/Marina Representatives
- - MD Dept. of the Environment

- U.S. Coast Guard
- US Fish and Wildlife Service
- Environmental Groups
- Worcester County
- EPA
- Academic institutions
- NOAA
- DNR representatives (Boating Services, heritage, NRP, CZM, POS)
- WC Shoreline Commission, OC Port Warden
- -Maryland Environmental Service

Chap 4 Dredge Material Management

- Proposed disposal sites (Source: Sediment Management Workshop Sept. 2010)
- 1. Beach for best material which offers unlimited capacity (possibly 20,000 cubic yards)
- 2. Fill Northside Park Lagoon to -5 feet (15,000 cubic yards)
- 3. County landfill for poor material, limit based on county needs (5 cubic yards)
- 4. Future sites: beach / landfill
- 5. Re-establish wetland mitigation island at Loop Road (139th street) This
 is the dredge disposal area of the only canal dredge project that has
 occurred to date. A marsh complex was created, however the island has
 settled and most of the vegetation is gone.
- 6. Private West OC wetland mitigation sites identified by Coastal Bays ex.
 Carlson project
- 7. Dog Island future Corps Project no OC money available at this time



Dredged Material as a Tool for Management of Tern and Skimmer Nesting Habitats

by Walker Golder, David Allen, Sue Cameron, and Trudy Wilder

Recommendations:

Substrate 90%, sand/shell, or sand gravel

Slope of 30:1 not>3:1, elevation 3 - 6 ft,

5 - 12 a

No Shoreline stabilization

Need long-term management plan to close the site during the period when terns occupy the site.

Nourishment every 3 - 5 yrs

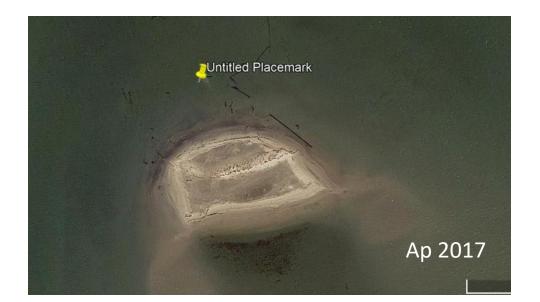
Recent Coastal Bays Lessons

Island	Year replenished	Initial Size (a)	Ht (ft) NAVD	Bird Use	Year lost	Years used
Skimmer	2011, - 12, -13, - 14	<5	2+	Many	2022	30+
Tern	Mar 2015	4.4	5.2	BB Gulls, CanG	2017	2
Mark 14	Mar 2015	1.4	5.1	Least Tern	2017	2
Mark 12	Nov 2015	2.5	5.2	Least, Royal, Brn Pel, CanG	2023	8
Robbins Marsh	Mar 2015	3.4	1.5	none	2016	0

Collier or Tern island completed Mar 2015







Proposed Islands

- Reedy Island 57th st, in permitting 16,000 cyds
- Skimmer Island Rt 50 Bridge, ? 3,000 cyds placed over 4 yrs
- South Point Spoils currently used but rapidly degrading, needs attention
- Cedar Island NPS, needs assessment
- Needed to replace the islands lost since 1989
 4,000,000 cyds

New approach

- Dredging for restoration –Islands and marsh
- Use of structure Islands
- Periodic replenishment islands and marsh

